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| 1.3 Ga | amma-globulin is separa | ated from serum by | | | | | | |
| (a |) Agglutination | (b) Dialysis | (c) | Centrifugation | (d)Salting out | | | |
| 1.4 Tł | he stationary phase in T | `hin-layer chromatograph i | s: | | | | | |
| (a |) Liquid held between | glass | (b) | Silica gel | | | | |
| (c |) Glass Plate | | (d) | None of the above | | | | |
| 1.5 Be | enzoyl perioxide is | | | | | | | |
| (a |) An astringent | (b) An emollient | (c) | A preservative | (d) A keratolytic | | | |
| 1.6 W | ater for injection differ | s from sterile distilled wate | er as | it is free from | | | | |
| (a |) Carbon dioxide | (b) Pyrogens | (c) | Preservatives | (d) Antioxidant | | | |
| 1.7 Tł | he correct equivalent for | r -10°C is: | | | | | | |
| (a | l) – 10°F | (b) +22°F | (c) | -18°F | (d) +14°F | | | |
| 1.8 Tł | he active metabolite of a | anti-cancer cyclophospham | ide i | S: | | | | |
| (a |) N - hydroxyl cycloph | osphamide | (b) | N – methyl cyclophos | sphamide | | | |
| (c |) 4 – hydroxyl cycloph | osphamide | (d) | N – acetyl cyclophosp | phamide | | | |
| 1.9 M | ebandazole, an anthelm | intic drug, has one group a | t 5-p | osition in the benzim | odazonestructure. It is | | | |
| | $-S - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2$ | | r t ci | -S-Ph SION | | | | |
| |) Ph – SO ₂ – | | $\sqrt{1}$ | Ph - CO - | | | | |
| | | rates is due to substituents | | 5 | | | | |
| | High lipophilicity of g | groups at C position | | Electronic withdrawing | ng effect | | | |
| |) Steric effect | | | Metal chelation | | | | |
| 1.11 M | onoamine oxidase (MA | 0) inhibitors have serious s | ide e | ffects and toxicities. Th | nealternate drugs of choice | | | |
| ar | | | | | | | | |
| (a | <i>y y y</i> | ants | | Hallucinogens | | | | |
| |) Amphetamines | | | Xanthine alkaloids | | | | |
| | 2 | rials meant for surgical sut | | * | | | | |
| | .) 7 days | (b) 14 days | (c) | 21 days | (d) 28 days | | | |
| | lver-Silver chloride elect | | | | | | | |
| |) Silver wire coated wi | | | Silver wire coated wi | • | | | |
| |) Silver wire coated wi | ith silver chloride | (d) | Platinum wire coated | l with silver chloride | | | |
| 1.14 Ex | xtinction E = | | | | | | | |
| (a | $\log(I_0 / I_t)$ | (b) log T | (c) | I_t/I_0 | (d) $I_0 10^{-ct}$ | | | |
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- (b) Dried leaflets of Cassia indica
- (c) Dried leaflets of Cassia carpinifolia
- (d) Dried leaflets of Cassia carpinifolia and Cassia acutifol

1.16 Conformational isomerism is:

- (a) Cis-trans isomerism
- (b) Optical isomerism
- (c) Dextro-and levo-rotatory
- (d) Non-Identical spatial arrangement of atoms in molecules resulting from rotation about one or more simple bonds
- 1.17 According to pH partition theory, a weakly acidic drug will most likely be absorbedfrom the stomach because the drug which exist primarily in the
 - (a) Un-ionised, more lipid soluble form
 - (b) Ionised, more water soluble form
 - (c) Form of weak acid and more soluble in acid media
 - (d) Ionic form of the drug which facilitates diffusion JSSION

1.18 Blood flow through a capillary is described by one of the following equations. Choose the correct one.

- (a) Langmuir
- (c) Hildebrand
- 1.19. Ionic mobility is denoted by
 - (a) cm/sec
 - (c) mg/sec

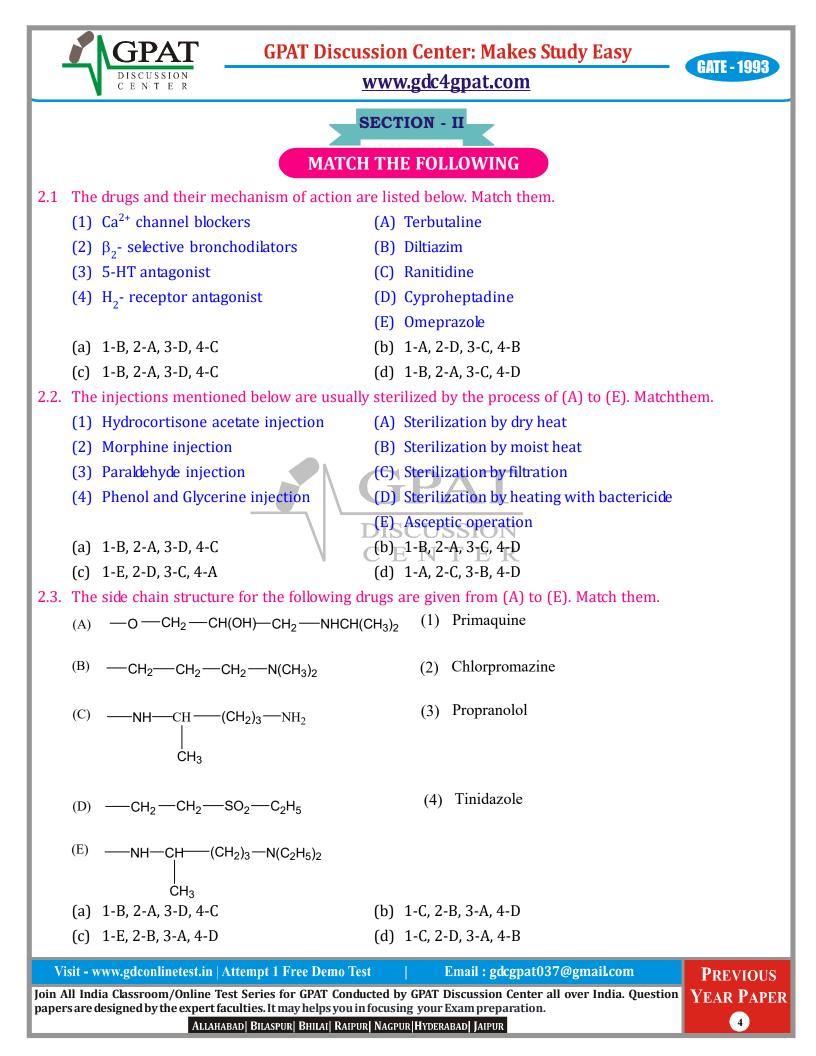
- (b) Noves Whitney
- (d) Stokes
- (b) Degree celcius/sec
- (d) None of the above
- 1.20.A mixture of hydrochloric acid and acetic acid can be titrated satisfactorily by
 - (a) Potentiometry
 - (c) Amphrometry

- (b) Conductometry
- (d) Spectrophotometry

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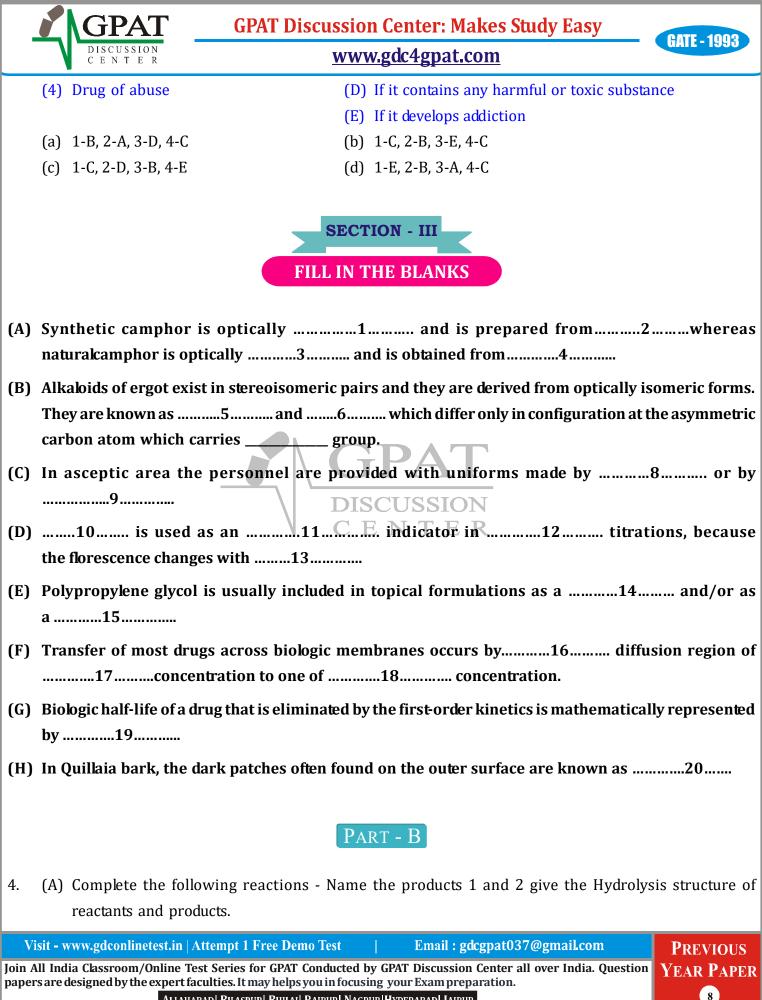
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| 2.4. The drug | s mentioned below are assayed | by the | methods mentioned (A) to (E). Matchthem correctly. |
| (1) Sulpł | nadiazine Tablets I.P. | (A) | Non-aqueous titration with 0.1 N perchloric acid using oracet blue B as indicator |
| (2) Salbı | ıtamol Sulphae I.P. | (B) | By measuring the extinction at 444 nm |
| (3) Ribo | flavine Tablets I.P. | (C) | A dilute sulphuric acid solution is titrated with 0.1 N ceric ammonium sulphate using ferroin solution as indicator |
| (4) Ascro | obic acid Tablets I.P. | (D) (E) | Titrated with 0.5 N NaOH using phenol red as indicator Acidification with HCl and titration with 0.1 M sodium nitrite. |
| (a) 1-B, 2 | 2-A, 3-D, 4-C | (b) | 1-E, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C |
| (c) 1-A, | 2-E, 3-C, 4-D | (d) | 1-A, 2-E, 3-B, 4-D |
| 2.5. The start | ing material for the synthesis o | f drug 1 | to 4 are mentioned from(A) to (E).Match them correctly. |
| (1) L-tyr | osine | (A) | 3-chloroacetyl phenol |
| | ylephrine | | 4-chloroacetyl catechol |
| | renaline | | Catechol |
| | naline | (E) | Resorcinol R |
| | 2-A, 3-D, 4-C | | 1-A, 2-B, 3-C, 4-D |
| | 2-C, 3-B, 4-D | | 1-A, 2-B, 3-C, 4-D |
| | - | | microbiological assay of antibiotics.Match them correctly. |
| | npicin | | Escherichia coli |
| | cycline | (B) | Klebsiella pneumonia |
| | otomycin | (C) | Micrococcus luteus |
| (4) Chloi | ramphenicol | | Bacillus subtilis |
| | | (E) | Bacillus cereus |
| | 2-E, 3-B, 4-A | | 1-E, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D |
| | 2-E, 3-C, 4-D | | 1-A, 2-C, 3-E, 4-D |
| | C | ostances | used for the biological assay of thepreparations listed in |
| |). Match them. | | |
| (1) Mice | | | Vasopressin |
| | io rats | (B) | Diphtheria antitoxin |
| (3) Guin | ea pigs | (C) | Insulin |
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| (4) Sheep plasma | (D) Human antihaemophyllic fraction |
| (a) 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C | (b) 1-D, 2-B, 3-D, 4-C |
| (c) 1-B, 2-A, 3-C, 4-D | (d) 1-C, 2-A, 3-B, 4-D |
| 2.8. The active form of the | enantiomer for the following drugs are given in (A) to (E). Matchthem. |
| (1) Ibuprofen | (A) S - isomer |
| (2) Ephedrine | (B) D - isomer |
| (3) Propranolol | (C) cis - isomer |
| (4) Ethambutol | (D) L - isomer |
| | (E) R – isomer |
| (a) 1-B, 2-E, 3-D, 4-C | (b) 1-A, 2-D, 3-E, 4-B |
| (c) 1-A, 2-B, 3-E, 4-D | (d) 1-A, 2-B, 3-E, 4-D |
| 2.9. The ingredients mentio | oned in (A) to (E) are use din various stages of sugar coating oftablets. Match them |
| (1) Seal coating | (A) Gelatin |
| (2) Sub coating | (B) Carnauba wax |
| (3) Syrup coating | (C) Methanol |
| (4) Polishing | (D) PEG 4000 |
| | DES Cane SugarON |
| (a) 1-D, 2-A, 3-E, 4-B | (b) 1-A, 2-C, 3-E, 4-D |
| (c) 1-A, 2-B, 3-E, 4-C | (d) 1-A, 2-C, 3-E, 4-D |
| 2.10.The drugs a to e are su | ed as diuretics. Match them to their classes. |
| (1) Osmotic diuretic | (A) Spiranolactone |
| (2) Loop diuretic | (B) Isosorbide |
| (3) Potassium sparing | diuretic (C) Merasalyl Theophylline |
| (4) Organomercurial d | liuretic (D) Furosemide |
| | (E) Probenecid |
| (a) 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C | (b) 1-B, 2-D, 3-A, 4-C |
| (c) 1-C, 2-C, 3-A, 4-D | (d) 1-A, 2-D, 3-C, 4-B |
| 2.11.The following bacteria | are classified based on their staining (A) to (E). Match them. |
| (1) Clostridium tetani | (A) Gram-positive cocci |
| (2) Escherichia coli | (B) Gram-positive bacilli |
| (3) Neisseria gonorrho | |
| (4) Streptococcus pyog | |
| | (E) Gram-positive spririlla |
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| (a) 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C | (b) 1-A, 2-D, 3-C, 4-B | | | | | | | |
| (c) 1-D, 2-A, 3-C, 4-B | (d) 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A | | | | | | | |
| 2.12. The following prefixes are | to identify the characteristics listed in(A) to (E). Matchthem. | | | | | | | |
| (1) Hetero | (A) Neighbouring positions in the benzene ring | | | | | | | |
| (2) Levo | (B) Rotates the polarized light to the left | | | | | | | |
| (3) Ortho | (C) Several identical molecules linked together | | | | | | | |
| (4) Poly | (D) Not all the same atoms in the ring | | | | | | | |
| | (E) Water is removed from the compound | | | | | | | |
| (a) 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C | (b) 1-A, 2-D, 3-B, 4-C | | | | | | | |
| (c) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B, 4-D | (d) 1-D, 2-B, 3-A, 4-C | | | | | | | |
| 2.13. The following Umbellifered | ous fruits are obtained from the plants mentioned in (A) to (E). Match them. | | | | | | | |
| (1) Anise seed | (A) Anethum graveolens | | | | | | | |
| (2) Caraway | (B) Foeniculum vulgare | | | | | | | |
| (3) Coriander | (C) Carum carvi | | | | | | | |
| (4) Dill | (D) Pimpinella anisum | | | | | | | |
| | (E) Coriandrum sativum | | | | | | | |
| (a) 1-B, 2-E, 3-D, 4-C | (b) 1-E, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D | | | | | | | |
| (c) 1-D, 2-C, 3-E, 4-A | (d) 1-A, 2-B, 3-E, 4-D | | | | | | | |
| 2.14. The drugs listed from 1 to | 4 are having the antihypertensive mechanism listed in (A) to (E). Match them | | | | | | | |
| correctly. | | | | | | | | |
| (1) Pindolol | (A) Vasodilator | | | | | | | |
| (2) Minoxidil | (B) Centrally acting α_2 –adrenoreceptor agonist | | | | | | | |
| (3) Captopril | (C) Diuretic | | | | | | | |
| (4) Amiloride | (D) Beta-blocker β_3 | | | | | | | |
| | (E) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor | | | | | | | |
| (a) 1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-E | (b) 1-D, 2-A, 3-E, 4-C | | | | | | | |
| (c) 1-C, 2-B, 3-E, 4-D | (d) 1-E, 2-B, 3-C, 4-A | | | | | | | |
| 2.15.A drug is deemed to be as | s indicated in 1 to 4 and the corresponding definitions are given in (A) to (E). | | | | | | | |
| Match with the correct ones. | | | | | | | | |
| (1) Misbranded drug | (A) If it is marketed without prescription | | | | | | | |
| (2) Adulterated drug | (B) If it is imported under a name which belongs to another | | | | | | | |
| | drug | | | | | | | |
| (3) Spurious drug | (C) If it is not labeled in the prescribed manner | | | | | | | |
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| | Benzylcyanide + Di[2 Chloroethylmethylamine] → 1 <u>Hydrolysis</u> 2 Complete with balanced equation (B) What happens when? Complete with balanced equation (i) Tropine is treated with Mandelic acid (ii) Estrone is treated with Potassium acetylide in liquid ammonia. |
| 5. | What inferences you draw from the following observations. (i) A sample of cloves floats when they are placed in freshly boiled and cooled water. (ii) A sample of cinnamon leaf oil gives intensive blue colour when an alcoholic solution istreated with ferric chloride, whereas the cinnamon bark gives a mild colour. (iii) A sample of ginger is boiled with 2% KOH, when the pungency of the sample is lost. |
| 6. | (A) Define in not more than 3 sentences (i) Multiple emulsion (ii) Levigation (B) Important factors that affect absorption of a drug are (1) |
| 7. | (A) Tablets are evaluated by the following techniques. They are (1) |
| 8. | Give reasons for the following: (i) Mercuric acetate is added in the assay of ephedrine hydrochloride. (ii) Acetic anhydride is added in the preparation of acetous perchloric acid and kept overnight. (iii) Secondary filter is kept at right angles to the incident light in flourimeter. |
| Join | Give one test each to detect the presence of Karaya gum and Sterculia gum in Tragacanth I.P. /isit - www.gdconlinetest.in Attempt 1 Free Demo Test Email : gdcgpat037@gmail.com All India Classroom/Online Test Series for GPAT Conducted by GPAT Discussion Center all over India. Question All AHABAD BILASPUR BHILAI RAIPUR NAGPUR HYDERABAD JAIPUR PREVIOUS YEAR PAPER 9 |



- 10. Given below are the systematic names of certain natural substances. Give their conventional names, sources and structural formulae.
 - (i) Methyl-11, 17 α -dimethoxy, 18 β -(3,4,5,-trimethoxybenzoyloxy) 3 β , 20 α -yohimbane, 16 β -carboxylate
 - (ii) 1, 3-Dimethyl 2, 6-(1H, 3H)-purinedione
 - (iii) 4-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde
 - (iv) (1R.3r, 5S)-3-tropyloxytropanium sulphate
- 11. A compound of molecular formulaC6H9NO exhibits spectral characteristics as followings

I.R. (KBr) : 3200 , 1650, 2150, 1500, 1550, cm⁻¹

UV_{max} = 280 nm.

NMR (CDCl₃) = δ_{ppm} 2.8 (s, 3H)

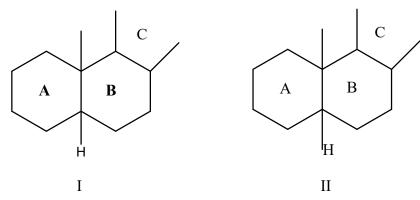
= δ_{ppm} 5.8 (b, 1H)

6.8 – 7.6 (m, 5H)

Mass = m⁺/e, 135 (parent ion)

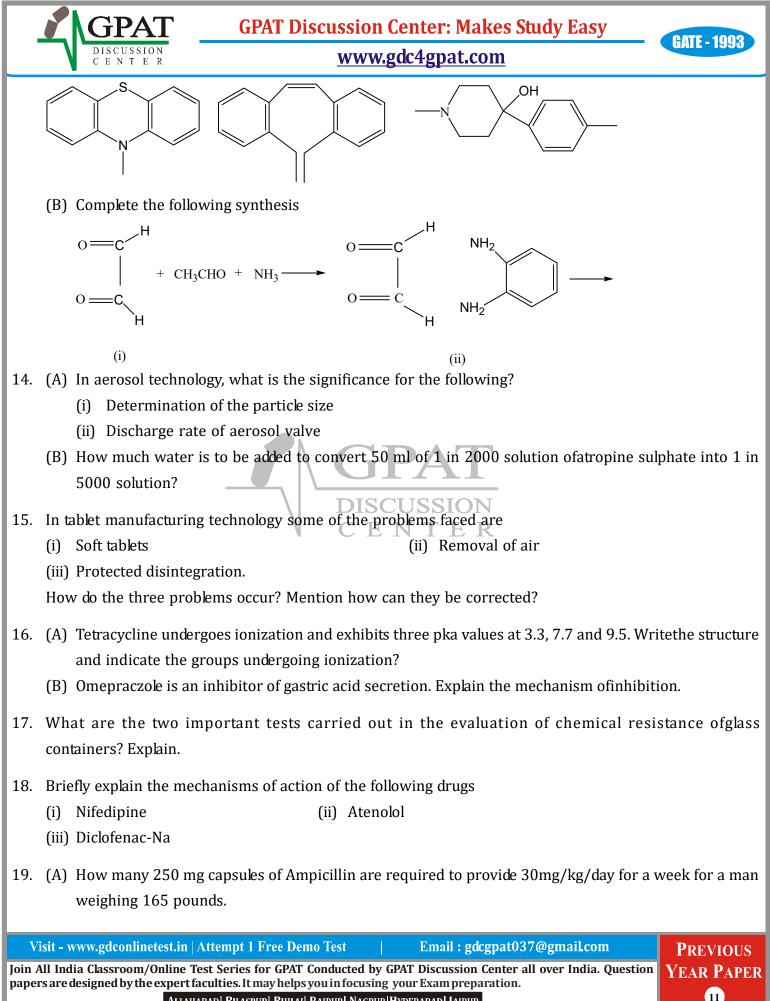
What is the structural formula of the compound.

- 12. (A) Molecular weights of Cimetidine, Ranitidine and Famotidine are 252, 314 and 273. Oral bioavailabilities and elimination half-life in man are almost similar. Which of these drugs could be more acceptable and why?
 - (B) What is the most essential structural feature, an antihistaminic should have?
 - (C) Following representations in case of steroids are often used for denoting theirstereochemistry. What does it indicate?



13. (A) Following ring structures are present in well known drugs. Complete the structural formulae by introducing the required groups

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ANSWER KEY GATE 1993

Section -I

| 1.1 | а | 1.2 | С | 1.3 | b | 1.4 | b |
|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|
| 1.5 | d | 1.6 | b | 1.7 | d | 1.8 | С |
| 1.9 | d | 1.10 | а | 1.11 | а | 1.12 | а |
| 1.13 | С | 1.14 | а | 1.15 | а | 1.16 | d |
| 1.17 | а | 1.18 | а | 1.19 | а | 1.20 | а |

Section -II

| 2.1 | а | 2.2 | С | 2.3 | С | 2.4 | b |
|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|
| 2.5 | С | 2.6 | а | 2.7 | d | 2.8 | b |
| 2.9 | а | 2.10 | b | 2.11 | d | 2.12 | d |
| 2.13 | С | 2.14 | b | 2.15 | С | | |

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